

Flight report

Research Flight RF11 ATR-2024-0822b SAFIRE flight as24033 Sal (SID-SID), 19:30 - 22:30 UTC

PI: Sandrine Bony

 $22 \ {\rm August} \ 2024 \ {\rm b}$

1 Objectives

- MAESTRO flight pattern flown South-East of Sal, from the subcloud layer to the mid-troposphere.
- Shallow convection (sometimes precipitating) overlaped part of the time by a stratiform layer (mixed phase) originating from a nearby convective system topping around 7 km.
- Nighttime conditions after 20 UTC.
- Coordination with HALO (ATR circle)

2 Cal/Val activity:

No

3 Crew



| SAFIRE | Name | Lab |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| Pilot (CDB) | Jean-François Bourdinot | SAFIRE |
| Pilot (OPL) | Guillaume Seurat | SAFIRE |
| Mechanics | Thierry André | SAFIRE |
| Expé Principal | Clément Bézier | SAFIRE |
| Expé | Cyrille de Saint-Léger | SAFIRE |
| SCIENTISTS | | |
| PI seat | Sandrine Bony | LMD |
| LNG seat | Emmeline François | LATMOS |
| aWALI seat | Frédéric Laly | LSCE |
| Microphys seat 1 | Pierre Coutris | LAMP |
| Microphys seat 2 | Antoine Baudoux | LAMP |
| RASTA seat | Sophie Bounissou | LATMOS |
| BASTA seat | Jean-Louis Dufresne | LMD |
| Ground Support | Nicolas Rochetin, Basile Poujol | LMD |

4 Synoptic situation

- Far behind the through of an African Easterly Wave; moist regime $(PRW > 50 \text{ kg.m}^2)$
- Dry atmospheric layer extending from 2 to 3 km altitude; weak temperature inversion around 1, 2.5 and 3 km; Aerosol layer measured around 3 and 5 km
- Spectrum of shallow clouds, ranging from very shallow clouds to deeper, precipitating clouds topping around 2 km (just below the base of the dry layer)
- In the southern part of the transect: stratiform cloud layer around 5-7 km composed of mixed phase- (including some dentrites) with some precipitation. This layer belongs to a nearby convective system that was characterized as 'rapidly developing' by MSG for a few minutes.

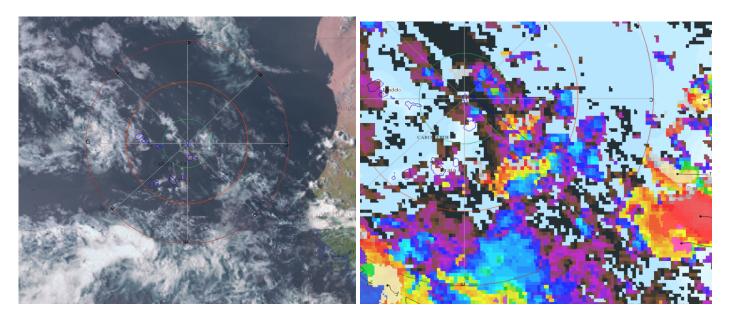


Figure 1: MSG imagery (left: RGB, right: cloud top height) on 22 Aug 2024, 17:00 and 18:00 UTC respectively.



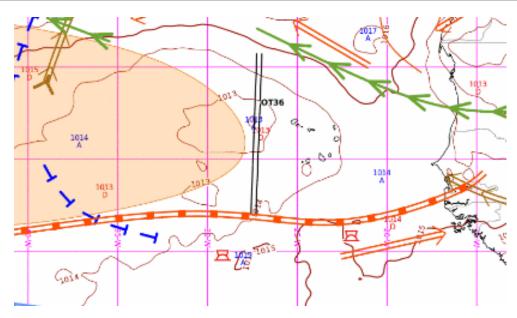


Figure 2: Anasyg analysis from MISVA.

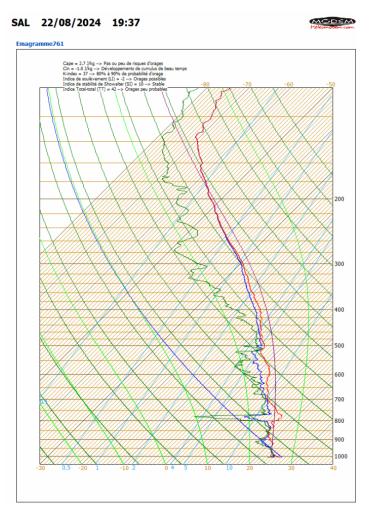


Figure 3: Sal radiosounding at 21 UTC.

5 FLIGHT ELEMENTS



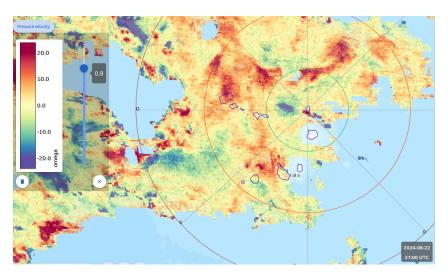


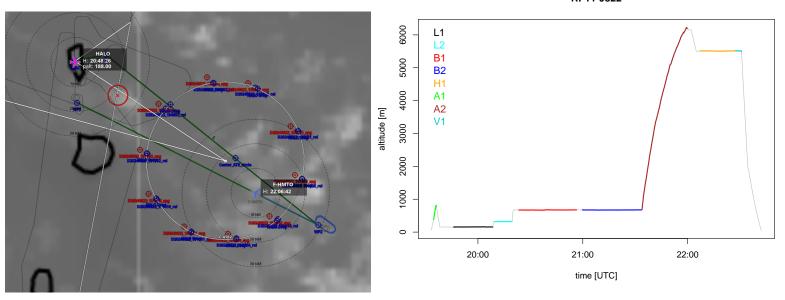
Figure 4: Clear-sky vertical velocity in the mid-troposphere retrieved from MSG water vapor channel at 21 UTC.

5 Flight elements

- Typical MAESTRO flight pattern South-East of Sal
- WP1: 16°46'51"N 22°43'51"W ; WP2: 15°37'45"N 21°14'09"W
- The subcloud layer leg was flown at 500 ft during daytime (L1) and then at 1000 ft after sunset (L2), around 20 UTC)
- The cloud base level was pretty well identified (dropsondes, radiosounde, LNG looking up) around 670 m.
- The mid-tropospheric transect started at FL200 and then continued at FL170 because of icing conditions (which require the aircraft to fly faster and thus lower).
- HALO circle centered on the transect (32NM radius, 10 dropsondes, center: 16°05'02"N 21°49'09"W)

| RF11 elements | Time (UTC) | Flight Level (FL) | Position | Notes |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Takeoff | 19:33 | | GVAC | |
| A1 | 19:34 - 19:36 | | Ascent | |
| L1 | 19:46 - 20:08 | 500 ft | WP1 (N) \rightarrow WP2 (S) | Subcloud layer (150 m, daytime) |
| L2 | 20:09 - 20:19 | 1000 ft | WP1 (N) \rightarrow WP2 (S) | Subcloud layer (317 m, nighttime) |
| B1 | 20:23 - 20:56 | 672 m | WP2 (S) \rightarrow WP1 (N) | Cloud base level |
| B2 | 20:59 - 21:33 | 672 m | WP1 (N) \rightarrow WP2 (S) | Cloud base level |
| A2 | 21:33 - 21:59 | from cloud base to FL190 | WP2 (S) | Slow ascent |
| H1 | 22:07 - 22:27 | FL190 or FL170 (icing) | WP2 (S) \rightarrow WP1 (N) | 6.2 or 5.5 km |
| V1 | 22:27 - 22:30 | FL170 | WP1 (N) | VAD (roll: 26 deg) |
| Landing | 22:42 | | GVAC | |
| ATR circle (HALO) | 18:50 - 19:20 | $FL200 \ (6.6 \ km)$ | 16°05'02"N 21°49'09"W | HALO: 10 sondes, 32 NM radius |





RF11 0822

Figure 5: (Left) Screenshot of Planet showing the position of the ATR trajectory relative to the HALO/ATR circle. (Right) Flight segmentation of the ATR-20240822b flight (also named RF11 or as24033) as described in the table.

6 Quicklooks and Comments



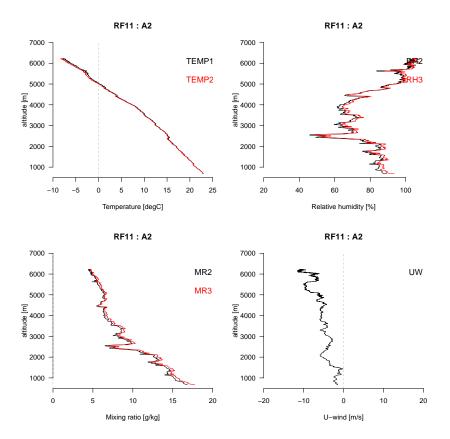


Figure 6: Vertical profiles of temperature, humidity mixing ratio, relative humidity and zonal wind measured by several in-situ sensors during the ascent of the ATR from cloud base to FL190.



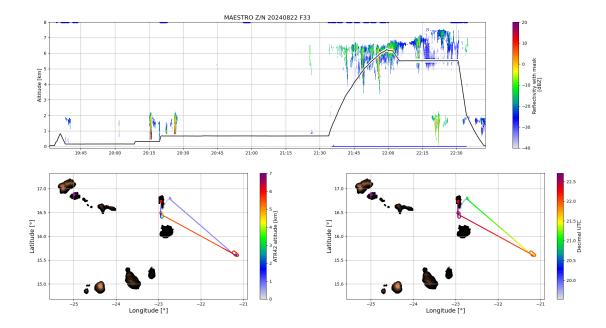


Figure 7: Radar reflectivity measured by the vertically-pointing RASTA Doppler cloud radar (courtesy Julien Delanoë).

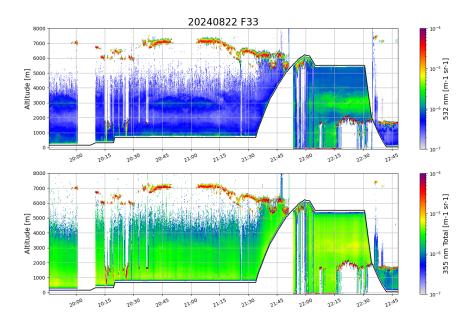


Figure 8: Backscatter signal measured at 355 nm and 532 nm by the vertically-pointing- HSRL Doppler lidar LNG (courtesy RALI team).



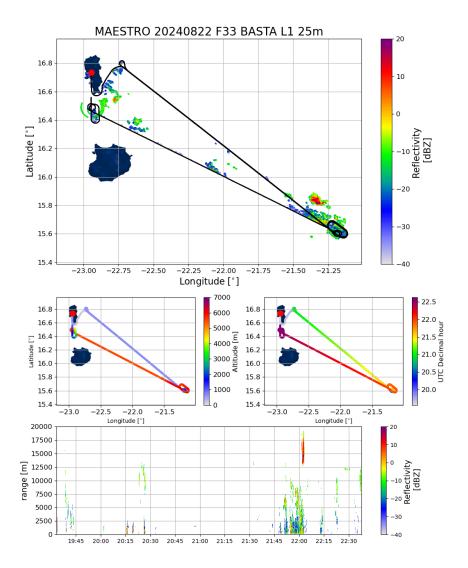


Figure 9: Radar reflectivity measured by the horizontally-pointing BASTA Doppler cloud radar (courtesy Julien Delanoë). Note that the radar used the 25m resolution mode on this flight.



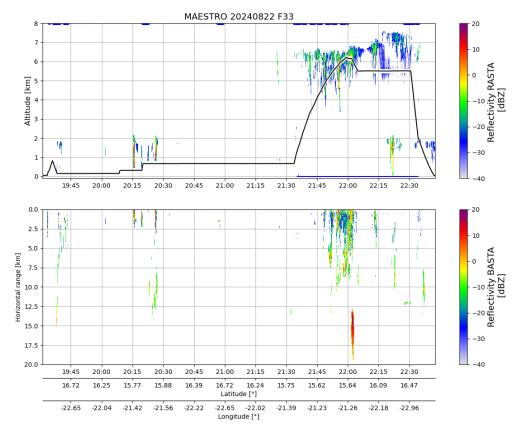


Figure 10: Radar reflectivity measured by the vertically-pointing radar RASTA and the horizontally-pointing radar BASTA (courtesy Julien Delanoë).



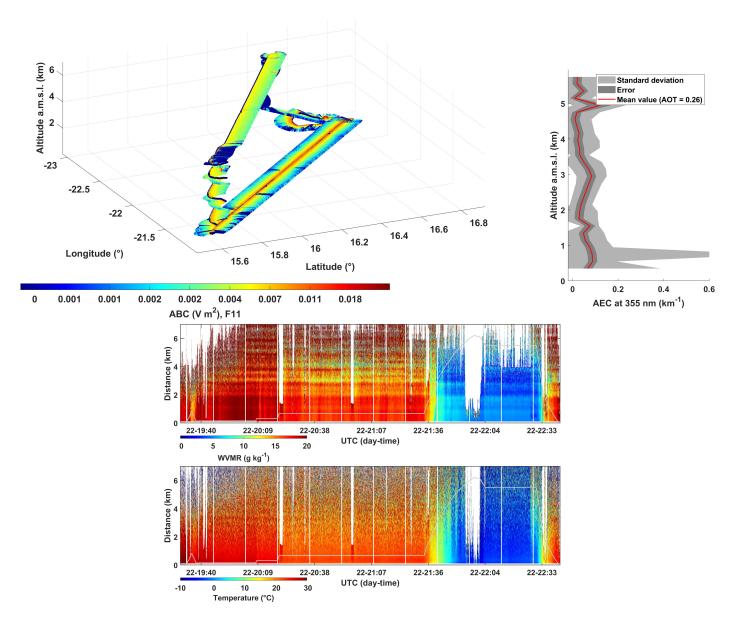


Figure 11: (Top left) Evolution of lidar backscatter ratio in the aerosol/cloud channel; (Top right) Vertical profile of the aerosol extinction, and (Bottom) 2D variation of the elastic backscatter signal, and the water vapor mixing ratio (stripes will be removed after processing) and temperature measured by the horizontally-pointing Raman lidar AWALI during RF11. Note the better horizontal range of temperature and water vapor measurements during nighttime (courtesy Frédéric Lally and Patrick Chazette).



7 Instrument status

| DATA | SAFIRE_name | DESCRIPTION | PARAMETER | STATUS | COMMENT |
|------|-------------------------|---|-----------|--------|---|
| NAV | pos_lat_imu_1 | Latitude from AIRINS | LATITUDE | OK | - |
| | pos_lon_imu_1 | Longitude from AIRINS | LONGITUDE | OK | - |
| | alt_alt_imu_1 | Altitude from AIRINS | ALTITUDE | OK | - |
| | nav_track_imu_1 | Course | COURSE | OK | - |
| | att_thead_imu_1 | True Heading | THEAD | OK | - |
| | att_roll_imu_1 | Platform Roll angle | ROLL | OK | - |
| | att_pitch_imu_1 | Platform Pitch angle | PITCH | OK | - |
| | vit_v_n_imu_1 | Platform North speed | VN | OK | - |
| | vit_v_e_imu_1 | Platform Eastward speed | VE | OK | - |
| | vit_v_w_imu_1 | Vertical speed | VV | OK | - |
| | vit_v_gs_imu_1 | Ground speed | GS | OK | - |
| RAD | ray_rg_down_1 | Downwelling Shortwave radia- tion clear dome (no attitude cor- rection) | SWD | OK | flight night, neg- ative values non available |
| | ray_rg_down_crsensor_1 | Downwelling Shortwave radia- tion clear dome- Attitude correc- tion for pitch/roll <±3° | SWDC | OK | flight night, neg- ative values non available |
| | ray_pir_down_1 | Downwelling Shortwave radia- tion red dome (no attitude cor- rection) | SWD_RED | OK | flight night, neg- ative values non available |
| | ray_pir_down_crsensor_1 | Downwelling shortwave radiation red dome-Attitude correction for pitch/roll <±3° | SWDC_RED | OK | flight night, neg- ative values non available |
| | ray_rg_up_1 | Upwelling Shortwave radiation clear dome (no attitude correc- tion) | SWU | OK | flight night, neg- ative values non available |
| | ray_pir_up_1 | Upwelling shortwave radiation red dome (no attitude correc- tion) | SWU_RED | OK | flight night, neg- ative values non available |
| | ray_ir_down_1 | Downwelling longwave radiation (no attitude correction) | LWD | OK | - |
| | ray_ir_up_1 | Upwelling longwave radiation (no attitude correction) | LWU | OK | - |
| | ray_tb_ce332_c1_1 | Brightness temperature channel 1 ($8.7\mu m$) ce 332 radiometer | TB_C1 | OK | - |
| | ray_tb_ce332_c2_1 | Brightness temperature channel2 $(10.6\mu m)$ ce332 radiometer | TB_C2 | OK | - |
| | ray_tb_ce332_c3_1 | Brightness temperature channel3 $(12\mu m)$ ce332 radiometer | TB_C3 | OK | - |
| | ray_lum_ce332_c1_1 | Radiance, channel1 $(8.7\mu m)$ from ce332 radiometer | RAD_C1 | OK | - |
| | ray_lum_ce332_c2_1 | Radiance channel2 $(10.6\mu m)$ from ce332 radiometer | RAD_C2 | OK | - |
| | ray_lum_ce332_c3_1 | Radiance channel3 (12 μ m) from ce332 radiometer | RAD_C3 | OK | - |
| TDYN | pre_ps_av1_1 | Static pressure corrected for flow distorsion | PRES | OK | - |
| | vit_v_dp2_crs_1 | Dynamic pressure corrected for flow distorsion | DYNP | OK | - |
| | vit_v_p_av1_1 | True Air Speed | TAS1 | OK | reference |
| | vit_v_tas_adc_1 | True Air Speed | TAS2 | OK | - |
| | alt_ralt_15_m_1 | Height | HEIGHT | OK | ok under 17900 ft |
| | att_aoa_radom_deg_1 | Angle of Attack | AOA_RAD | OK | - |
| | att_aos_radom_deg_1 | Angle of Sideslip | AOS_RAD | OK | - |



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| DATA | SAFIRE_name | DESCRIPTION | PARAMETER | STATUS | COMMENT |
|-------|------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------|---|
| | ven_wind_v_vp_imu_1 | Upward Wind | WW | OK | maybe small off- set $(0,1 \text{ m/s})$ |
| | ven_wind_FF_vp_imu_1 | Horizontal Wind Speed | WS | OK | reference |
| | ven_wind_DD_vp_imu_1 | Horizontal Wind Direction | WD | OK | reference |
| | ven_wind_FF_simp_1 | Horizontal Wind Speed WITH- OUT Radome angles, with non- deiced Air Static Temperature | WS_RAW | OK | - |
| | ven_wind_DD_simp_1 | Horizontal Wind Direction WITHOUT Radome angles, with non-deiced Air Static Temperature | WD_RAW | OK | - |
| | tpr_ts_rt_1 | Air Static Temperature, non- deiced sensor | TEMP1 | OK | reference |
| | tpr_ts_rtd_1 | Air Static Temperature, deiced sensor | TEMP2 | OK | - |
| | tpr_tt_rt_1 | Total Temperature, non-deiced sensor | TTEMP1 | OK | reference |
| | tpr_tt_rtd_1 | Total Temperature, deiced sensor | TTEMP2 | OK | - |
| | tpr_tp_rt_1 | Potential Temperature | THETA | OK | - |
| | hum_hutd_1011_sync_1 | Dew Point Temperature 1011C | DP1 | OK | oscillations |
| | hum_hutd_wvs_rs_1 | Dew Point Temperature from WVSSII | DP2 | OK | reference |
| | hum_hutd_rtd_aero_1 | Dew Point Temperature from hu- maero enviscope | DP3 | OK | - |
| | hum_humr_1011_rs_1 | Water Vapor Mixing ratio from 1011C | MR1 | OK | |
| | hum_humr_wvs_rs_1 | Water Vapor Mixing ratio WVS- SII | MR2 | OK | |
| | hum_humr_srtd_aero_1 | Water Vapor Mixing ratio from humaero enviscope | MR3 | OK | |
| | hum_huabs_rt_1011_1 | Abolute Humidity from 1011C | HABS1 | OK | |
| | hum_huabs_wvs_rs_1 | Abolute Humidity from WVSSII | HABS2 | OK | |
| | hum_huabs_srtd_aero_1 | Abolute Humidity from envis- cope | HABS3 | OK | |
| | hum_hurel_rt_1011_rs_1 | Relative Humidity from 1011C | RH1 | OK | |
| | hum_hurel_wvs_rs_1 | Relative Humidity from WVSSII | RH2 | OK | |
| | hum_hurel_stat_rt_aero_1 | Relative Humidity from envis- cope | RH3 | OK | |
| | ctl_CTL_P_CABINE_1 | Cabin Pressure | P_CABIN | OK | |
| | ctl_CTL_T_CABINE_1 | Cabin Temperature | T_CABIN | OK | |
| LWC | lwc_lwc300_rebase005_1 | LWC calculation according to DMT PADS Hotwire LWC | LWC2 | OK | - |
| FW | hum_humolfra_fw_crh_100 | Mole fraction of water vapour in air measured by FastWave | FW_MOLFRA | OK | - |
| | hum_humr_fw_100 | Water Vapor Mixing ratio from FastWave | MR6 | OK | - |
| | pre_pb_fw_100 | Air Pressure measured by Fast-Wave | FW_P | OK | - |
| | tpr_tt_fw_100 | Temperature measured by Fast-Wave | FW_T | OK | - |
| OZONE | chm_cc_o3_2b_ppb_RS_cal_%10 | O3 2493DB OzoneMonitor mix- ing ratio | O3_MONITOR2 | OK | - |
| | chm_cc_o3_2b_ppb_anlg_%10 | O3 2493DB OzoneMonitor con- centration analogical | O3_MONITOR2_ANALOG | OK | - |
| | ctl_CTL_CELL_T_2B_RS_cal_%10 | O3 2493DB OzoneMonitor cell temperature | TCELL_MONITOR2 | OK | - |
| | ctl_CTL_CELL_P_2B_RS_cal_%10 | O3 2493DB OzoneMonitor cell presure | PCELL_MONITOR2 | ОК | - |



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| DATA | SAFIRE_name | DESCRIPTION | PARAMETER | STATUS | COMMENT |
|--------|---------------------------------|--|--|--------|---|
| | ctl_CTL_VOLFR_2B_RS_cal_%10 | O3 2493DB OzoneMonitor volu- metric flow rate | VOLFLRATE_MONITOR2 | OK | - |
| SPP300 | mic_tabcount_SPP300_1 | SPP300 particles count bin[1]bin[30] | SPP300_COUNT | PB | no data above 4200 m |
| | mic_somcount_SPP300_1 | SPP300 total particles count | SPP300_TCOUNT | PB | no data above 4200 m |
| | mic_tabconc_SPP300_1 | SPP300 particles concentration bin[1]bin[30] | SPP300_CONC | PB | no data above 4200 m |
| | mic_totalconc_SPP300_1 | SPP300 Total particles concen- tration | SPP300_TCONC | PB | no data above 4200 m |
| UHSAS | mic_tabcount_uhsas_sync_1 | UHSAS particles count | UHSAS_COUNT | OK | - |
| | mic_somcount_uhsas_sync_1 | UHSAS total particles counts | UHSAS_TCOUNT | OK | - |
| | mic_tabconc_second_uhsas_sync_1 | UHSAS Particles concentration | UHSAS_CONC | OK | - |
| | mic_totalconc_uhsas_sync_1 | UHSAS total particles concen- tration | UHSAS_TCONC | OK | - |
| | ctl_sample_flow_uhsas_sync_1 | UHSAS sample flow | UHSAS_FLOW | OK | - |
| | ctl_sheath_flow_uhsas_sync_1 | UHSAS sheath flow | UHSAS_SHEATH | OK | - |
| REMOTE | RASTA | Cloud radar (Up and down) | Z, V, Doppler spectrum | OK | |
| | BASTA | Cloud radar (sidewards) | Z, V, Doppler spectrum | ОК | 25m mode; better identifi- cation of clouds close to the aircraft; range up to 20 km |
| | LNG | Lidar (Up or Down) | Backscat- ter(355nm/532/1064) – HSRand Doppler 355nm | OK | Calibration pos- sible |
| | aWALI | Raman Lidar (sidewards) | Backscatter and inelas- tic(RH/Temp) | ОК | Range: up to 4 km for WV, 10 km or more for clouds; dirty window at up- per levels |
| MICRO | CVI | | TWC | OK | |
| | HSI | | | PB | Problem during the mixed-phase leg |
| | 2DS | | Images and Spectrum | OK | |
| | HVPS | Hydrometeors imagery | Images | OK | |
| | FCDP | Droplets (2?m - 50?m) | Spectrum | OK | |
| | NP-2 | | | OK | |